

MELT 2008



# Reduction of Location Estimation Error using Neural Networks

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# Motivation and Method



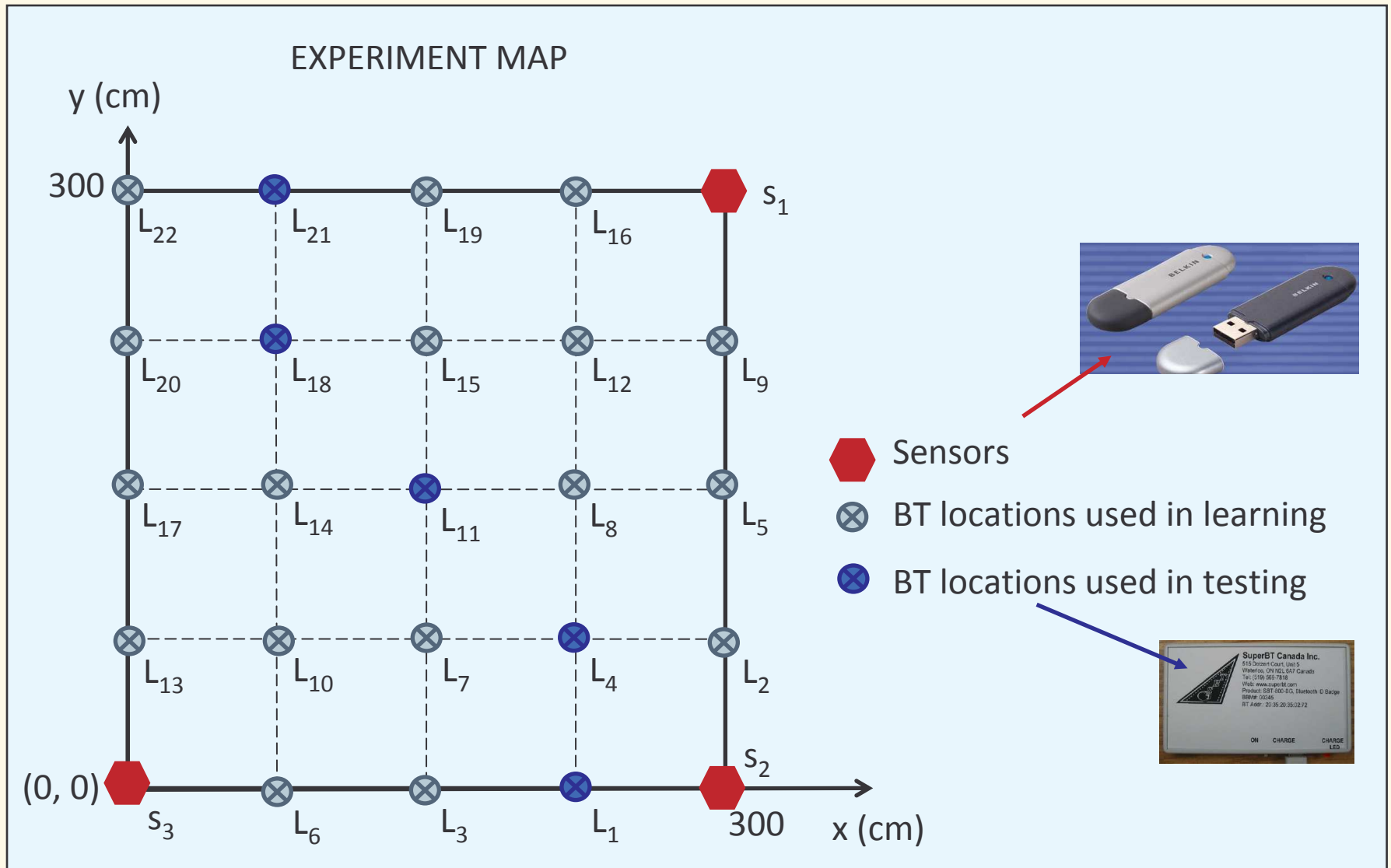
## ➤ Indoor wireless communication

- Limited battery
- Complex signal representation due to multi-path and fading effects

## ➤ In order to estimate the locations of mobile devices in a building;

- ✓ Using Bluetooth (BT) Technology
  - Widespread usage and variety of applications
  - Low cost, low power consumption, short range (1, 10, 100 m)
- ✓ Using neural networks
  - Flexible modeling and learning capabilities
- Assumptions:
  - Use only Bluetooth RSSI; more sophisticated signal information is unavailable or not cost effective.
  - The environment is not static and that the system must adapt to changes in its environment

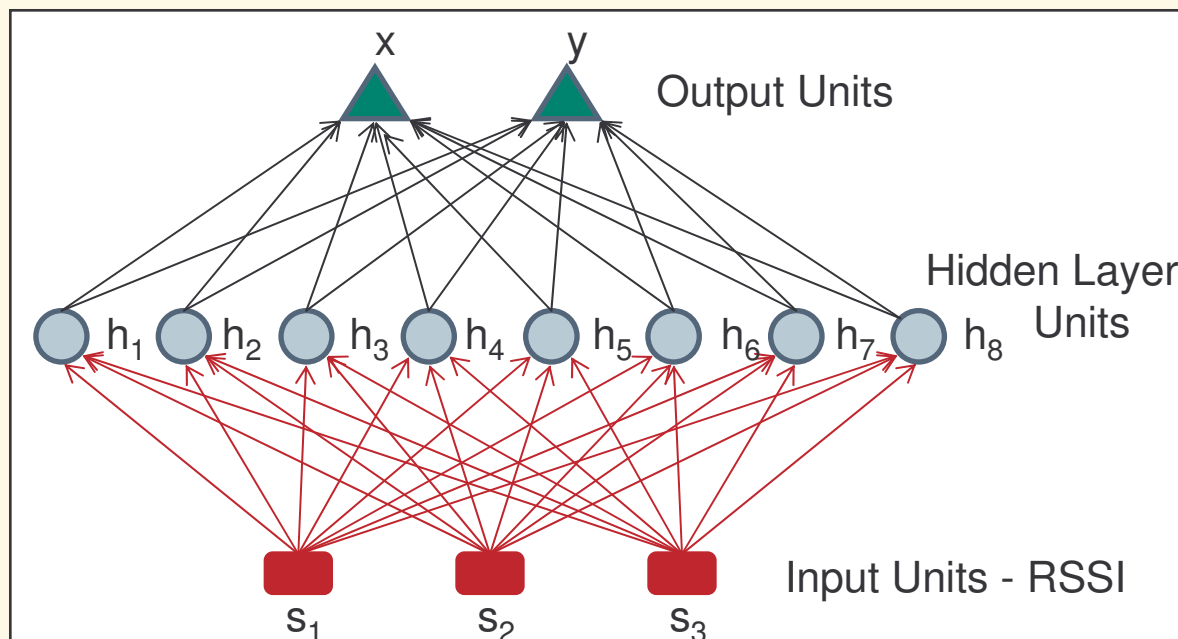
# Experiment Map



# Training the Neural Network



Multi-layer Perceptron Architecture



Our objective is to minimize the error between target and estimated locations in order to find the weights of the links of the neural network

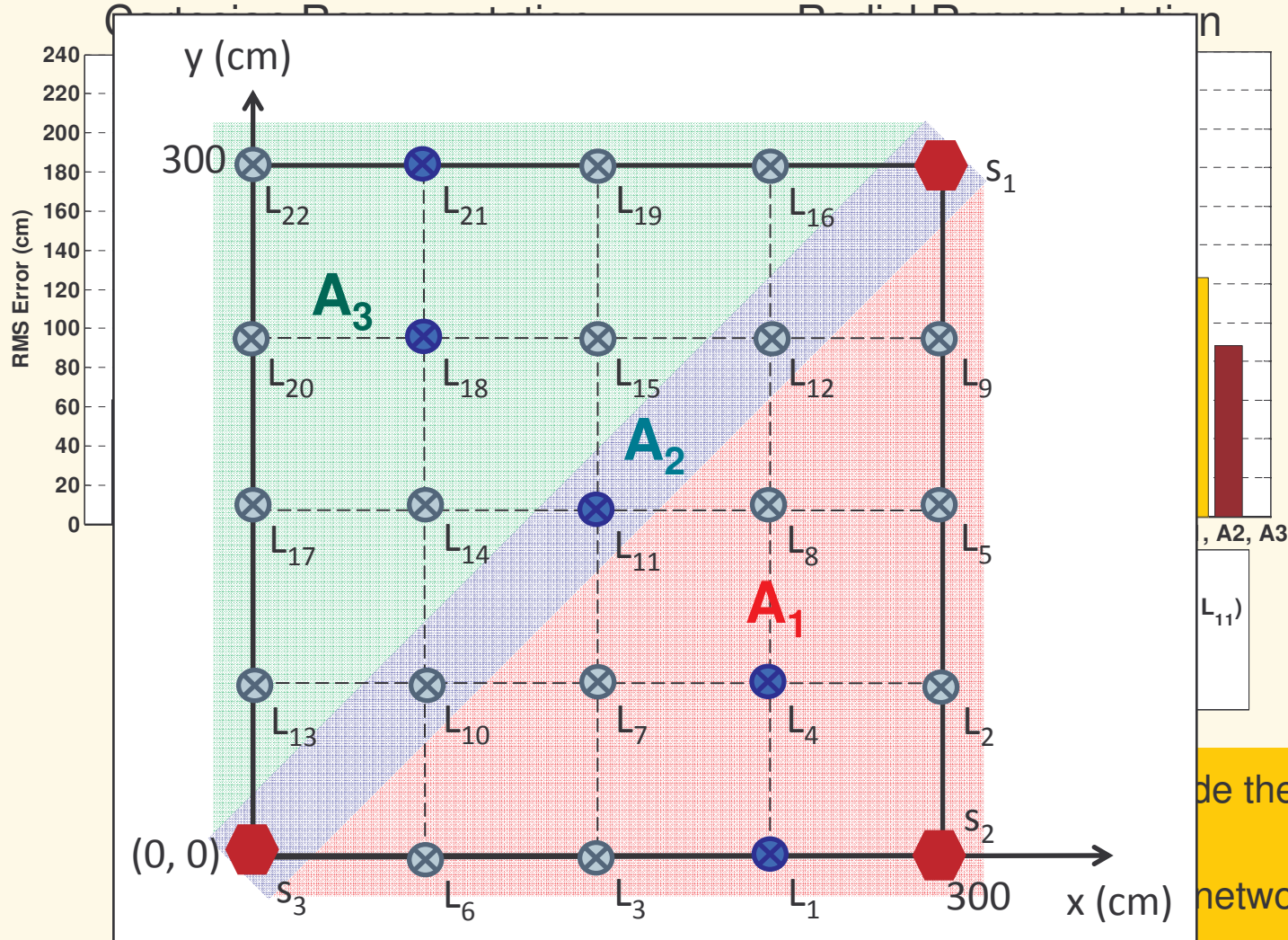
## Backpropagation Learning Method with Error Function:

$$E = \sqrt{(x - x')^2 + (y - y')^2}$$

$(x, y)$  : Target Output

$(x', y')$  : Estimated Output

# Testing the Neural Network



- Increasing the number of hidden layer units may provide a better learning capacity to the neural network